

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Nickel Silver Alloys</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>SDS number</b>	8
<b>Product code</b>	C70600, C70620, C71500, C75200, C96200, C96300, C96400, C96900, C97300, C97400, C97600, C97800, C99300, C99350, C99500, M-100, M-105, M-140
<b>Recommended use</b>	Manufacturing
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>	
<b>Company name</b>	Concast Metal Products Company
<b>Address</b>	14315 State Route 113, Birmingham, OH 44816
<b>Telephone</b>	1-440-965-4455
<b>E-mail</b>	sales@concast.com
<b>Emergency phone number</b>	1-800-424-9300 Chemtrec (24-hrs)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Health hazards</b>	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity	Effects on or via lactation
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1 (blood, central nervous system, kidneys, Lungs)
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Combustible dust	
<b>Label elements</b>		



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statement</b>	May form combustible dust concentrations in air. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Causes damage to organs (blood, central nervous system, kidneys, Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Prevent dust accumulation to minimize explosion hazard. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

<b>Response</b>	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
<b>Storage</b>	Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	None known.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	16% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Copper	7440-50-8	53 - 87
Nickel	7440-02-0	9 - 33
Zinc	7440-66-6	0 - 25
Lead	7439-92-1	0 - 11
Tin	7440-31-5	0 - 5.5
Manganese	7439-96-5	0 - 1.5

**Composition comments** All concentrations are in percent by weight unless otherwise indicated.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

#### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. In case of contact with hot or molten product, cool rapidly with water and seek immediate medical attention. Do not attempt to remove molten product from skin because skin will tear easily. Cuts or abrasions should be treated promptly with thorough cleansing of the affected area.

#### Eye contact

Do not rub eyes. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

#### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Narcosis. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Special powder against metal fires. Dry sand. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Apply extinguishing media carefully to avoid creating airborne dust. Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media. Hot molten material will react violently with water resulting in spattering and fuming.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Contact with acids will release flammable hydrogen gas. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Combustion products may include: metal oxides. In a fire, nickel may form nickel carbonyl, a highly toxic substance and known carcinogen. Upon combustion, this product may yield toxic vapors/fumes of lead and lead compounds.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use only non-sparking tools. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of fumes from heated product. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up** Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). The product is immiscible with water and will sediment in water systems. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Allow molten material to cool and solidify before disposal. Recover and recycle, if practical.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Components	Type	Value
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	Ceiling	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	PEL	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	PEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
		0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Dust and mist.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0.015 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Biological limit values****ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	200 µg/l	Lead	Blood	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment****Eye/face protection**

Unvented, tight fitting goggles should be worn in dusty areas. Use of safety glasses or goggles is required for welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations. When welding, it is recommended that safety glasses, goggles, or face-shield with filter lens of appropriate shade number (per ANSI Z49.1-1988, "Safety in Welding and Cutting") be worn.

**Skin protection****Hand protection**

Wear suitable protective gloves to prevent cuts and abrasions. When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

**Other**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

**Respiratory protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Wear NIOSH approved respirator appropriate for airborne exposure at the point of use. Appropriate respirator selection should be made by a qualified professional.

**Thermal hazards**

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations**

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

**9. Physical and chemical properties****Appearance****Physical state**

Solid.

**Form**

Arcs, Solids, Rectangles, Tubes & Turnings.

**Color**

Silver to Yellow.

**Odor**

None.

<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	1850 - 1904 °F (1010 - 1040 °C)
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	Not available.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Fine particles may form explosive mixtures with air.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	8.95
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Insoluble in water.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Bulk density</b>	0.32 lb/in <sup>3</sup> (68 °F (20 °C))
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Contact with strong acids will release highly flammable hydrogen gas.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials. Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain.
<b>Skin contact</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Hot or molten material may produce thermal burns.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eyes. Molten material will produce thermal burns.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause discomfort if swallowed.

<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Narcosis. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Contact with hot material can cause thermal burns which may result in permanent damage.
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### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	Not expected to be acutely toxic.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		
<u>Acute</u>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
NOAEC	Rat	10200 mg/l, 1 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 9000 mg/kg
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)		
<u>Acute</u>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Mouse	> 5 g/kg
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion. Hot or molten material may produce thermal burns.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Suspected of causing cancer.	
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
<b>NTP Report on Carcinogens</b>		
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.	
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)</b>		
Not regulated.		
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	May cause harm to breastfed babies. May damage fertility or the unborn child.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Causes damage to organs (blood, central nervous system, kidneys, Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not an aspiration hazard.	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	
	Lead may produce maternal toxicity, toxicity to the fetus, and adverse effects to blood, bone marrow, central/peripheral nervous systems, kidney, liver, and reproductive system.	
	Chronic exposure to breathing low levels of manganese dust or fume over a long period of time can result in "manganism," a disease of the central nervous system similar to Parkinson's Disease, gait impairment, muscle spasms and behavioral changes.	
<b>Further information</b>	Welding or plasma arc cutting of metal and alloys can generate ozone, nitric oxides and ultraviolet radiation. Short-term (acute) overexposure to welding fumes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Ozone overexposure may result in mucous membrane irritation or pulmonary discomfort. UV radiation can cause skin erythema and welders flash.	
<b>12. Ecological information</b>		
<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment.	

Components		Species	Test Results
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Chronic</i>			
Other	NOEC	Juga plicifera	6 µg/l
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Ceriodaphnia dubia	0.248 mg/l, 48 hours pH8
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	0.283 mg/l, 96 hours pH8
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Chronic</i>			
Crustacea	NOEC	Ceriodaphnia dubia	2.8 µg/l
Fish	NOEC	Zebra danio (Danio rerio)	40 µg/l
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
<i>Acute</i>			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	0.07 mg/l
Fish	LC50	Oncorhynchus mykiss	0.14 mg/l

<b>Persistence and degradability</b>	Not relevant for inorganic substances.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>	The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.
<b>Mobility in soil</b>	Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	This product contains one or more substances identified as hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) per the US Federal Clean Air Act (see section 15).

### 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

<b>DOT</b>	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
<b>IATA</b>	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
<b>IMDG</b>	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code</b>	Not applicable.

### 15. Regulatory information

<b>US federal regulations</b>	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
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**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	Listed.
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	Listed.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Listed.
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)	Listed.

**SARA 304 Emergency release notification**

Not regulated.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)**

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	Reproductive toxicity
	Central nervous system
	Kidney
	Blood
	Acute toxicity

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)****SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** Yes

<b>Classified hazard categories</b>	Combustible dust
	Respiratory or skin sensitization
	Carcinogenicity
	Reproductive toxicity
	Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Copper	7440-50-8	53 - 87
Lead	7439-92-1	0 - 11
Manganese	7439-96-5	0 - 1.5
Nickel	7440-02-0	9 - 33
Zinc	7440-66-6	0 - 25

**Other federal regulations****Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)  
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)  
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

**US state regulations****US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)  
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)  
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)  
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)  
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)  
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)  
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)  
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)  
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)  
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)  
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

**US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law**

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)  
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)  
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)



Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)  
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)  
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)  
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)  
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)  
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)  
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)  
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

#### California Proposition 65



**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Lead, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Listed: October 1, 1992  
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Listed: October 1, 1989

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Listed: February 27, 1987

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Listed: February 27, 1987

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Listed: February 27, 1987

#### US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)  
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)  
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)  
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)  
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)  
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

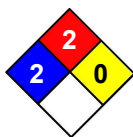
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	05-November-2012
Revision date	29-October-2018
Version #	03
Further information	Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

**HMIS® ratings**

Health: 3\*  
Flammability: 2  
Physical hazard: 0

**NFPA ratings****Disclaimer**

Concast Metal Products Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.